An electrically conductive polymeric article Including a polymeric material capable of exhibiting electrical conductivity;

the polymeric material being rendered electrically conductive by treatment with a viologen salt.

- An electrically conductive polymeric article according to claim 1 2 wherein the polymeric material is chosen from polymers derived from aromatic bases and from polymers derived from heterocyclic bases.
- 3. An electrically conductive polymer/c article according to claim 2 wherein the polymeric material is chosen from pølyaniline and its derivatives.
- 4. An electrically conductive polymeric article according to claim 2 wherein the polymeric material is chosen from polypyrrole and its derivatives.
- 5. An electrically conductive pblymeric article according to claim 3 wherein the polymeric material is polyaniline.
- 6. An electrically conductive/polymeric article according to claim 4 wherein the polymeric material is polypyrrole.
- 7. An electrically conductive polymeric article according to Claim 5, wherein the polyaniline base material has an oxidation state between the leucoemeraldine (0% oxidation state) and the emeraldine (50% oxidation state).
- 20 8. An electrically conductive polymeric article according to Claim 1. wherein the polymeric material is in the form of a film, film coating, or powder.
 - 9. An electrically conductive polymeric article according to Claim 8, wherein the polymeric material/is deposited on a suitable substrate.

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- 10. An electrically conductive polymeric article according to Claim 1, wherein the viologen salt is a viologen dihalide.
- 11. An electrically conductive polymeric article according to claim 10 wherein in the viologen dihalide the substituents on the bipyridinium are chosen from substituted and unsubstituted alkyl and aryl groups.
- 12. An electrically conductive polymeric article according to claim 11 wherein the substituted and unsubstituted alkyl groups are chosen from C1 to C4 alkyl optionally substituted with halogen, aryl or substituted aryl.
- 13. An electrically conductive polymeric article according to claim 12 wherein the substituted and unsubstituted alkyl groups are chosen from C1 to C4 alkyl and benzyl.
- 14. An electrically conductive polymeric article according to claim 10 wherein in the viologen dihalide the halide anions are chosen from chloride, bromide and iodide.
- 15. An electrically conductive polymeric article according to Claim 1, wherein the viologen salt is present in a monomeric or polymeric form.
- 16. An electrically conductive polymeric article according to Claim 10, wherein the haloviologen material is selected from one or more of benzyl viologen dichloride and poly(butylviologen dibromide).
- 20 17. An electrically conductive polymeric article according to Claim 5, wherein the resistance of the polyaniline base material, Rs, is reduced from approximately $10^{10} \Omega/\text{sq}$ to approximately $10^6 \Omega/\text{sq}$ or less.
 - 18. A method of preparing an electrically conductive polymeric article, which method includes

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providing

a polymeric material capable of exhibiting electrical conductivity; and a viologen salt;

contacting a surface of the polymeric material with the viologen salt for a time sufficient to permit the polymeric material to be rendered electrically conductive.

- 19. A method according to Claim 18, wherein the polymeric material is a polyaniline which has an oxidation state between the Jeucoemeraldine (0% oxidation state) and the emeraldine (50% oxidation state).
- 20. A method according to claim 18 wherein the polymeric material is a polypyrrole.
- A method according to Claim 18, wherein the viologen salt is a 21. viologen dihalide.
- 22. A method according to Claim 21, wherein the viologen salt is selected from one or more of viologen benzy/ dichloride and poly(butylviologen dibromide).
- A method according to Claim 10, wherein the viologen salt is present 23. in the form of an aqueous solution.
- 24. A method according to Claim 23, wherein the method is conducted at a temperature of 0° to approximately 100°C in the presence of air.
- 20 25. A method according to ¢laim 10, wherein the rate of conversion of the polymeric material to a conducting state is varied by varying one or more of the type and concentration of the viologen salt, the oxygen concentration, temperature and exposure to light.
 - 26. An electrically conductive polymeric article whenever prepared according to the method according to Claim 18.

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